# Hazelnut: A Bidirectionally Typed Structure Editor Calculus

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# What is it that program editors reason about?

```
fun summary_stats(m : matrix) =
  { mean = stats.mean(m, ColumnWise),
    std = stats.std(m,
    median =
```

# syntactically malformed program text

```
fun summary_stats(m : matrix) =
  { mean = stats.mean(m, ColumnWise),
    std = stats.std(m, □),
    median = □ }
```

# syntactically malformed program text $\rightarrow$ term with holes

[Kats et al., OOPSLA 2009; Amorim et al., SLE 2016]

```
fun summary_stats(m : matrix) =
  { mean = stats.mean(m, ColumnWise),
    std = stats.std(m, □),
    median = □ }
```

#### syntactically malformed program text → term with holes

[Teitelbaum and Reps, Comm. ACM 1981; many others since]

```
fun summary_stats(m : matrix) =
  { mean = stats.mean(m, ColumnWise),
    std = stats.std(m, □),
    median = □ }
```

#### Below to **reason statically** about terms with holes?

What type is synthesized for the function as a whole?

```
fun summary_stats(m : matrix) =
  { mean = stats.mean(m, ColumnWise),
    std = stats.std(m, □),
    median = □ }
```

### How to **reason statically** about terms with holes?

```
matrix \rightarrow
                                                       { mean : vec,
What type is synthesized for the function as a whole?
    fun summary_stats(m : matrix) =
       { mean = stats.mean(m, ColumnWise),
         std = stats.std(m, \Box),
         median = \Box }
```

std : vec, median :  $\Box$  }

### How to **reason statically** about terms with type errors?

What type is synthesized for the function as a whole?

```
fun summary_stats(m : matrix) =
  { mean = stats.mean(m, ColumnWise),
    std = stats.std(m, "oops"),
    median = □ }
```

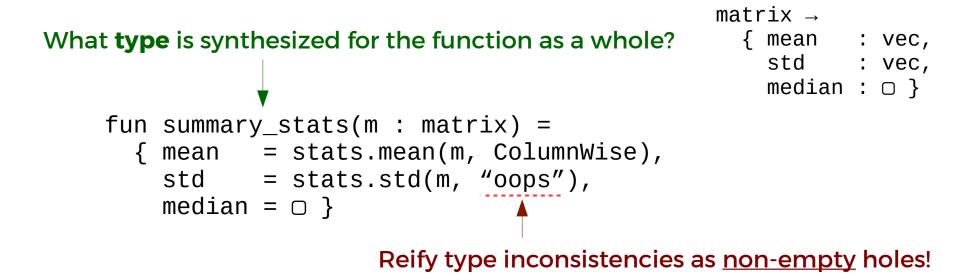
# How to **reason statically** about terms with type errors?

What type is synthesized for the function as a whole?

```
fun summary_stats(m : matrix) =
  { mean = stats.mean(m, ColumnWise),
   std = stats.std(m, "oops"),
   median = □ }
```

Reify type inconsistencies as <u>non-empty</u> holes!

### How to reason statically about terms with type errors?



 $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} \mid \dot{e} \text{ synthesizes } \dot{\tau}$ 

 $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Leftarrow \dot{\tau}$   $\dot{e}$  analyzes against  $\dot{\tau}$ 

 $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} \quad \dot{e} \text{ synthesizes } \dot{\tau} \qquad \qquad \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Leftarrow \dot{\tau} \quad \dot{e} \text{ analyzes against } \dot{\tau}$ 

$$\begin{split} \overline{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash (|\rangle} \Rightarrow (|\rangle) \\ \\ \frac{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}}{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash (|\dot{e}|\rangle \Rightarrow (|\rangle)} \end{split}$$

...

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} & \dot{e} \text{ synthesizes } \dot{\tau} & & \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Leftrightarrow \dot{\tau} & \dot{e} \text{ analyzes against } \dot{\tau} \\ & & & & & & & \\ \hline \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \langle \! \! & \rangle \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \! \! & \rangle \\ \hline \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} & & & \\ \hline \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \langle \! & \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \! \! & \rangle \end{array} & \begin{array}{cccc} \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Leftrightarrow \dot{\tau} & & & \\ \hline \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Leftrightarrow \dot{\tau} & & & \\ \hline \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \langle \! & \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \! & \rangle \end{array}$ 

$$\begin{split} & \overset{\cdots}{\bar{\Gamma} \vdash \langle \! | \! \rangle } \Rightarrow \langle \! | \! \rangle \\ & \frac{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}}{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \langle \! | \dot{e} \! \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \! | \! \rangle } \end{split}$$

 $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} \dot{e}$  synthesizes  $\dot{\tau}$ 

$$\begin{split} \vec{\Gamma} \vdash \vec{e} &\Leftarrow \vec{\tau} \quad \vec{t} \text{ analyzes against } \vec{\tau} \\ & \cdots \\ \vec{\Gamma} \vdash \vec{e} \Rightarrow \vec{\tau}' \quad \vec{\tau} \sim \vec{\tau}' \\ \hline \vec{\Gamma} \vdash \vec{e} &\Leftarrow \vec{\tau} \\ \end{split}$$
$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\tau} \sim \vec{\tau}' \quad \vec{\tau} \text{ and } \vec{\tau}' \text{ are consistent} \\ \hline \vec{\psi} \sim \vec{\tau} \quad \vec{\tau} \sim \vec{\psi} \quad \vec{\tau} \sim \vec{\tau} \quad \frac{\dot{\tau}_1 \sim \dot{\tau}_1' \quad \dot{\tau}_2 \sim \dot{\tau}_2'}{(\dot{\tau}_1 \rightarrow \dot{\tau}_2) \sim (\dot{\tau}_1' \rightarrow \dot{\tau}_2')} \end{split}$$

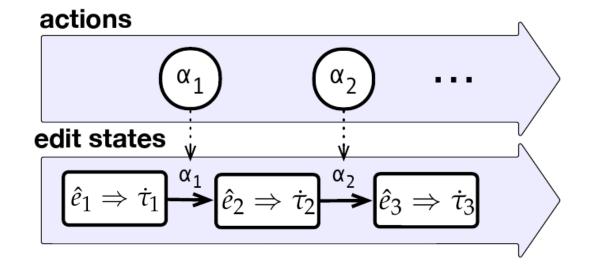
$$\begin{split} \overline{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash (\!\!\!|) \Rightarrow (\!\!\!|)} \\ \frac{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}}{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash (\!\!\!|\dot{e}|\!\!\!) \Rightarrow (\!\!\!|)} \end{split}$$

 $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} \mid \dot{e} \text{ synthesizes } \dot{\tau}$ 

...

$$\begin{split} \hline \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} &\Leftarrow \dot{\tau} \\ \hline \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} &\Leftarrow \dot{\tau} \\ & \vdots \\ \hline \vdots \\ \hline \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} &\Rightarrow \dot{\tau}' & \dot{\tau} \sim \dot{\tau}' \\ \hline \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} &\Leftarrow \dot{\tau} \\ \hline \dot{\tau} \vdash \dot{e} &\Leftarrow \dot{\tau} \\ \hline \hline \dot{\tau} \vdash \dot{e} &\Leftarrow \dot{\tau} \\ \hline \hline \dot{\tau} \sim \dot{\tau}' & \dot{\tau} \text{ and } \dot{\tau}' \text{ are consistent} \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \psi \sim \dot{\tau} & \overline{\dot{\tau} \sim \psi} & \overline{\dot{\tau} \sim \dot{\tau}} & \frac{\dot{\tau}_1 \sim \dot{\tau}_1' & \dot{\tau}_2 \sim \dot{\tau}_2'}{(\dot{\tau}_1 \rightarrow \dot{\tau}_2) \sim (\dot{\tau}_1' \rightarrow \dot{\tau}_2')} \end{split}$$

coincides with **gradual typing** [Siek and Taha, 2006]



See http://hazelgrove.org/

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{ZTyp} \ \hat{\tau} ::= \ \triangleright \dot{\tau} \triangleleft \mid (\hat{\tau} \to \dot{\tau}) \mid (\dot{\tau} \to \hat{\tau}) \\ \mathsf{ZExp} \ \hat{e} ::= \ \triangleright \dot{e} \triangleleft \mid (\lambda x. \hat{e}) \mid \hat{e}(\dot{e}) \mid \dot{e}(\hat{e}) \mid (\hat{e} + \dot{e}) \mid (\dot{e} + \hat{e}) \\ \mid \ \hat{e} : \dot{\tau} \mid \dot{e} : \hat{\tau} \mid \langle \hat{e} \rangle \end{array}$ 

$$\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \stackrel{\alpha}{\longrightarrow} \hat{e}' \Leftarrow \dot{\tau}$$

$$\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} \stackrel{\alpha}{\longrightarrow} \hat{e}' \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}'$$

$$\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \hat{e}' \Leftarrow \dot{\tau}$$

$$\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} \stackrel{\alpha}{\longrightarrow} \hat{e}' \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}'$$

$$\dot{\Gamma} \vdash {\rhd} ( {|\hspace{-.06cm}|\hspace{-.06cm}|} {\triangleleft} \Rightarrow ( {|\hspace{-.06cm}|\hspace{-.06cm}|} \xrightarrow{\texttt{construct lit } n} {\succ} \underline{n} {\triangleleft} \Rightarrow \texttt{num}$$

$$\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \stackrel{\alpha}{\longrightarrow} \hat{e}' \Leftarrow \dot{\tau}$$

 $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} \stackrel{\alpha}{\longrightarrow} \hat{e}' \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}'$ 

$$\begin{split} \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \triangleright () \triangleleft \Rightarrow () \xrightarrow{\text{construct lit } n} \triangleright \underline{n} \triangleleft \Rightarrow \texttt{num} \\ \\ \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \hat{e}' \Leftarrow \texttt{num} \\ \\ \hline{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash (\hat{e} + \dot{e}) \Rightarrow \texttt{num}} \xrightarrow{\alpha} (\hat{e}' + \dot{e}) \Rightarrow \texttt{num}} \end{split}$$

$$\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} \stackrel{\alpha}{\longrightarrow} \hat{e}' \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}'$$

$$\begin{split} \underline{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \hat{e}' \Leftarrow \dot{\tau}} \\ \underline{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e}^{\diamond} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}' \qquad \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}' \xrightarrow{\alpha} \hat{e}' \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}'' \qquad \dot{\tau} \sim \dot{\tau}''} \\ \underline{\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \hat{e}' \Leftarrow \dot{\tau}} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \hat{e}' \Leftarrow \texttt{num} \\ \dot{\Gamma} \vdash (\hat{e} + \dot{e}) \Rightarrow \texttt{num} \xrightarrow{\alpha} (\hat{e}' + \dot{e}) \Rightarrow \texttt{num} \end{split}$$

 $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \triangleright () \triangleleft \Rightarrow ()) \xrightarrow{\text{construct lit } n} \triangleright n \triangleleft \Rightarrow \text{num}$ 

$$\begin{aligned} \mathsf{ZTyp} \ \hat{\tau} &::= | \flat \dot{\tau} \triangleleft | (\hat{\tau} \to \dot{\tau}) | (\dot{\tau} \to \hat{\tau}) \\ \mathsf{ZExp} \ \hat{e} &::= | \flat \dot{e} \triangleleft | (\lambda x. \hat{e}) | \hat{e}(\dot{e}) | \dot{e}(\hat{e}) | (\hat{e} + \dot{e}) | (\dot{e} + \hat{e}) \\ & | \hat{e} : \dot{\tau} | \dot{e} : \hat{\tau} | (\hat{e}) \end{aligned}$$

Action  $\alpha ::= \text{move } \delta \mid \text{construct } \psi \mid \text{del} \mid \text{finish}$ Dir  $\delta$  ::= child  $n \mid$  parent Shape  $\psi$  ::= arrow | num  $\operatorname{asc} |\operatorname{var} x| \operatorname{lam} x| \operatorname{ap} |\operatorname{lit} n| \operatorname{plus}$ 

$$\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \hat{e}' \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}'$$

 $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash (\hat{e} + \dot{e}) \Rightarrow \texttt{num} \xrightarrow{\alpha} (\hat{e}' + \dot{e}) \Rightarrow \texttt{num}$ 

 $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \triangleright ( ) \triangleleft \xrightarrow{\text{construct lit } n} ( \triangleright n \triangleleft ) \Leftarrow \dot{\tau}$ 

#### Every edit action leaves the edit state well-typed.

**Theorem 1** (Action Sensibility). 1. If  $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e}^{\diamond} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}$  and  $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \hat{e}' \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}'$  then  $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e}'^{\diamond} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}'.$ 2. If  $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e}^{\diamond} \Leftarrow \dot{\tau}$  and  $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \hat{e}' \Leftarrow \dot{\tau}$  then  $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e}'^{\diamond} \Leftarrow \dot{\tau}.$ 

#### The cursor can reach any position in the program.

Theorem 3 (Reachability).
1. If τ̂<sup>◊</sup> = τ̂'<sup>◊</sup> then there exists some ā such that ā movements and τ̂ → \* τ̂'.
2. If Γ΄ ⊢ ê<sup>◊</sup> ⇒ τ and ê<sup>◊</sup> = ê'<sup>◊</sup> then there exists some ā such that ā movements and Γ΄ ⊢ ê ⇒ τ̂ → \* ê' ⇒ τ̂.
3. If Γ΄ ⊢ ê<sup>◊</sup> ⇐ τ̂ and ê<sup>◊</sup> = ê'<sup>◊</sup> then there exists some ā such that ā movements and Γ΄ ⊢ ê → \* ê' ⇐ τ̂.

#### Any well-typed expression can be constructed using edit actions.

**Theorem 6** (Constructability).

1. For every  $\dot{\tau}$  there exists  $\bar{\alpha}$  such that  $\triangleright (|) \triangleleft \xrightarrow{\bar{\alpha}} * \triangleright \dot{\tau} \triangleleft$ . 2. If  $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}$  then there exists  $\bar{\alpha}$  such that:

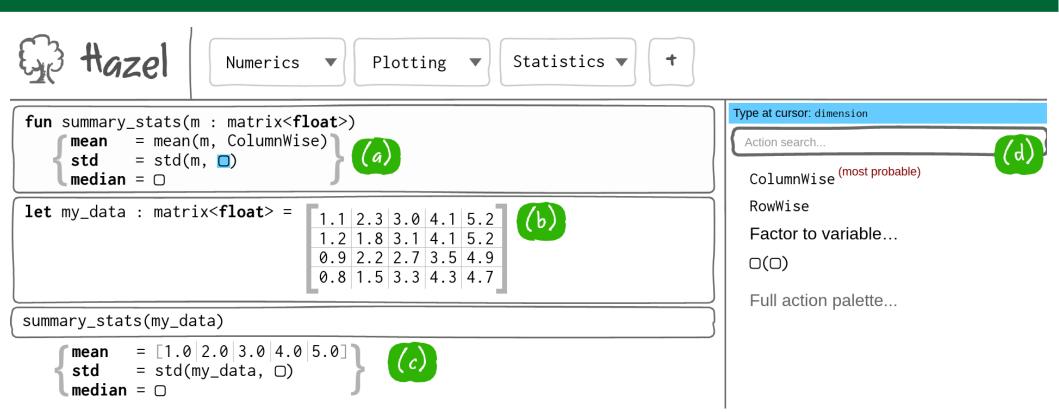
$$\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \triangleright () \triangleleft \Rightarrow () \xrightarrow{\bar{\alpha}} {}^* \triangleright \dot{e} \triangleleft \Rightarrow \dot{\tau}$$

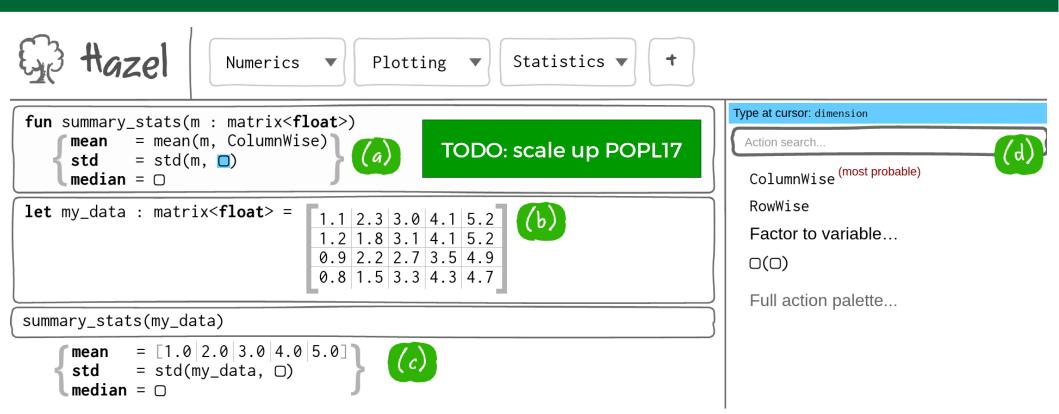
*3. If*  $\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \dot{e} \Leftarrow \dot{\tau}$  *then there exists*  $\bar{\alpha}$  *such that:* 

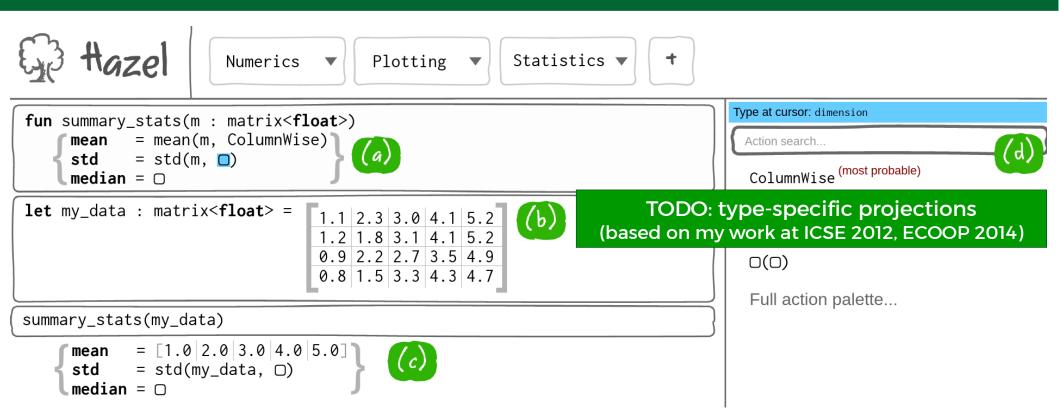
$$\dot{\Gamma} \vdash \operatorname{dim} \bar{\alpha} \xrightarrow{\bar{\alpha}} {}^* \operatorname{dim} \bar{\tau}$$

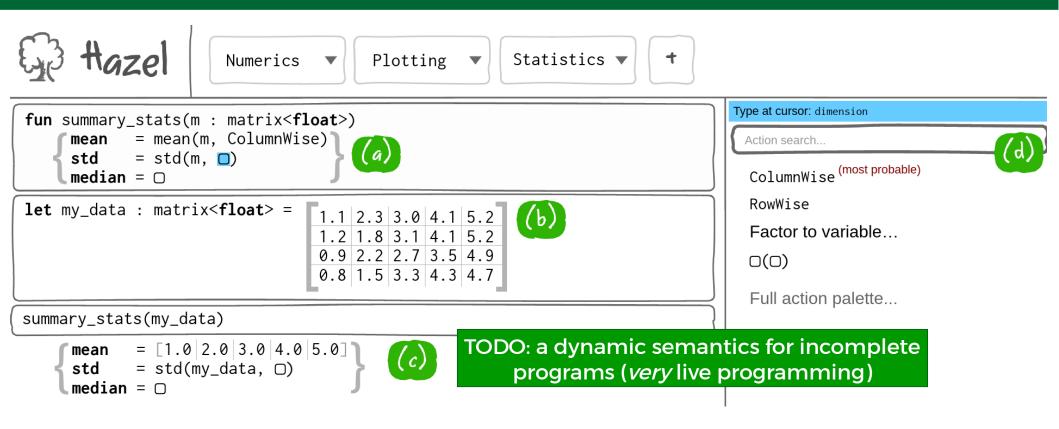
# Summary: Hazelnut

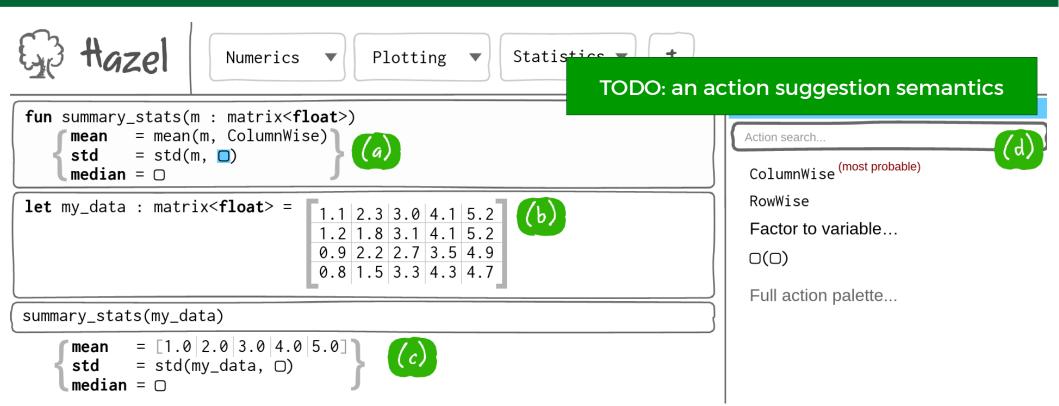
- A static semantics for terms with holes and type inconsistencies.
- An typed action semantics that maintains sensibility invariant.
  - **HZ**: A reference implementation written in OCaml React + js\_of\_ocaml.
- A rich metatheory that establishes the correctness of Hazelnut.
  - Mechanized using the **Agda** proof assistant.
  - Guides the definition of an extension (sum types see paper!)

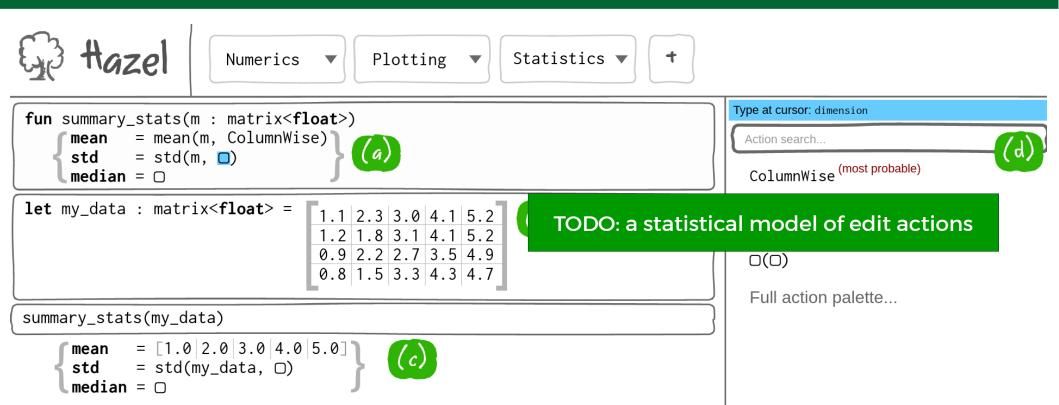


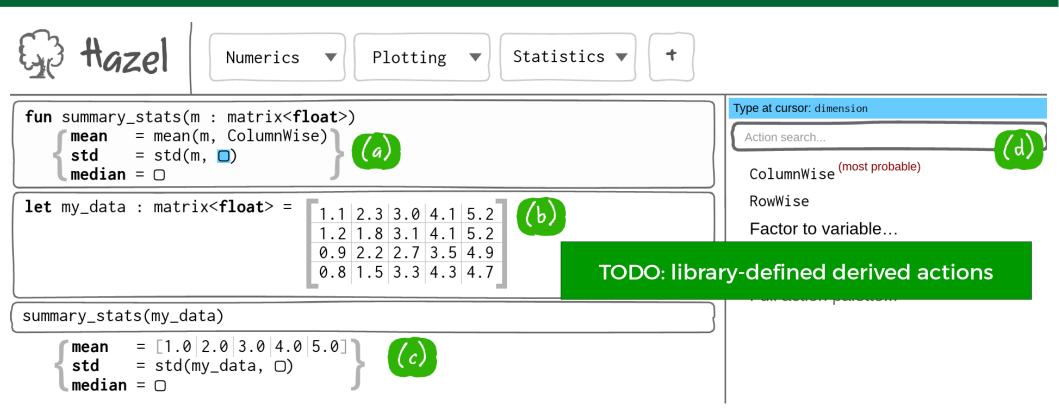


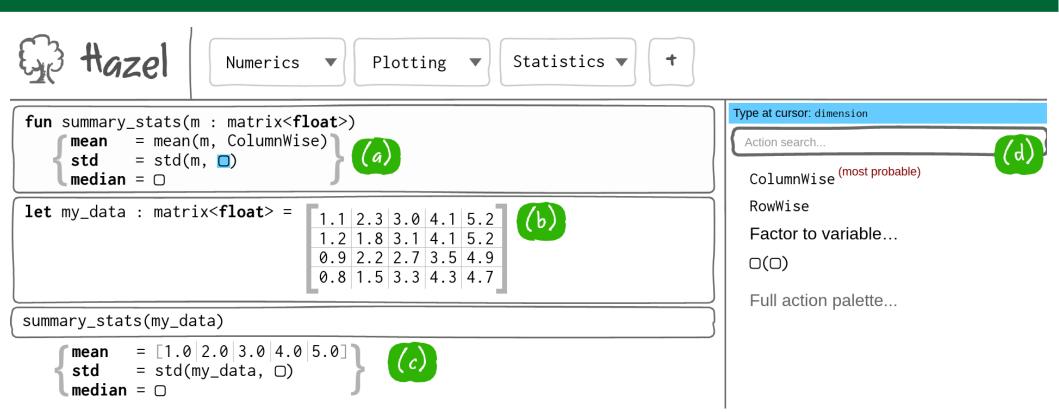


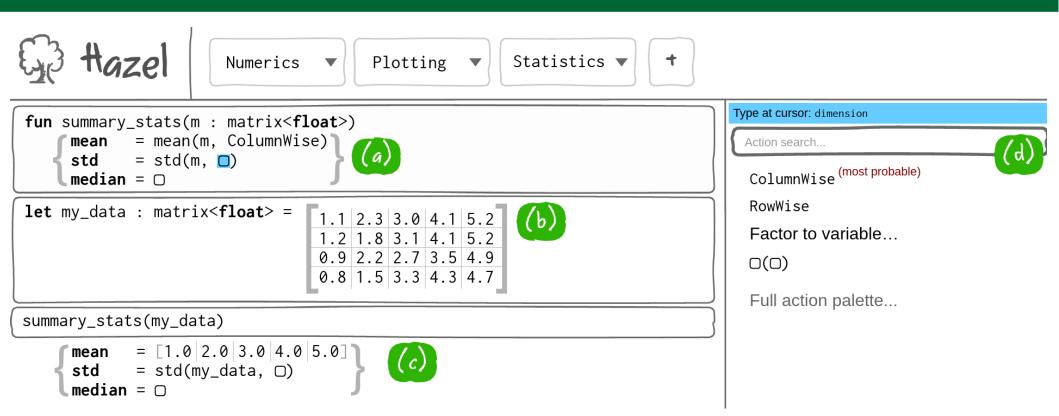












#### See http://www.hazelgrove.org/.

#### Thanks!